
Data Collection Manual

Version 1.6

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Maximum eligibility criteria

Inclusion:

- ward patients
- visited by member(s) of the critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff while on duty for the unit
- where the patient is being reviewed for consideration of admission to critical care
- when the visit is for a new episode of illness

(this intentionally includes patients are who assessed and referred for immediate admission to critical care with very little anticipated delay)

Exclusion:

- paediatric patients (aged less than 18 years)
- elective admissions to critical care

Data

Data that are measured and/or recorded in any part of the permanent written or electronic patient record are acceptable, for example, data from charts, case notes or any medium that comprises the permanent patient record.

This is based on the assumption that all clinically important information is documented. Such an assumption is the only realistic standardisation possible at this time.

In specifying and defining the dataset, judgements have had to be made. It is recognised that such judgements will not comply with all opinions. It should, be emphasised, however, that it is better to comply with rules and definitions which you deem incorrect than to substitute personal rules and/or definitions.

Missing data

If data are not available, are missing or measurements were not made, no value should be entered. This is an observational study, and no additional measurements should be made for the purposes of the study.

Do not enter guesses or fabricated data. Where data are absent, these should be recorded as a blank field and indicated, as such. The value "0" must not be used to indicate missing numeric data.

Name

Fields: First name
 Last name

Number of data items: Two

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- first name and last name of patient

Sex

Fields: Sex

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: Female
Male

Definition for collection:

- genotypical (as they were born...) sex of patient

Hospital number

Fields: Hospital number

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- number assigned by your hospital to patient
- otherwise known as the Medical Record Number

NHS number

Fields: NHS number

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- unique number assigned by the NHS as a numeric ten digit code to each NHS patient

Case Mix Programme Admission number

Fields: Case Mix Programme Admission number

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- unique number assigned to each admission to a unit participating in the Case Mix Programme (CMP)
- value is usually automatically generated by CMP software application as each critical care unit admission record is created on CMP data entry
- since the CMP admission number will not be available until the critical care admission record is created on CMP data entry, it will need to be recorded retrospectively

Postcode

Fields: Postcode

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- normal residential postcode for this admission to your unit
- for visitors to area, use normal residential postcode for admission's permanent place of residence
- if admission is not a resident of the United Kingdom and Ireland, use list of standard country codes
- a list of standard country codes can be found at www.icnarc.org
- if postcode is unobtainable, record UNKNOWN
- if outcode (first half of postcode) is obtainable, record this

Date and Time of visit

Fields: Date of visit
 Time of visit

Number of data items: Two

Units of measurement: Date of visit - DD/MM/CCYY
 Time of visit - HH:MM (24 hour clock)

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- date and time of visit to patient
- a visit is defined as the physical attendance of member(s) of the critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff while on duty for the unit
- a critical care visit should only be recorded if one possible outcome from the visit was the patient remaining at their current location, therefore retrieval by critical care staff is not included
- the visit must be documented in the patient record

Ward housing patient at visit

Fields: Ward

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- name of ward housing patient at time of visit
- a visit is defined as the physical attendance of member(s) of the critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff while on duty for the unit
- the visit must be documented in the patient record

Visit type

Fields: Visit type

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: First
Review

Definition for collection:

- a first visit is defined as the first physical attendance of member(s) of the critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff, while on duty for the unit, for the episode of illness
- the purpose of the visit should be to assess a patient for potential admission to critical care; the visit may be triggered by an early warning score or follow referral from a member of the nursing or medical staff (it excludes visits which are the result of arrest calls)
- a review visit is defined as subsequent physical attendance of member(s) of the critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff, while on duty for the unit, for the same episode of illness
- a visit for a new episode of illness, following visit(s) for previous episode(s) of illness, may be considered a first visit

Level of care on arrival

Fields: Level of care on arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: Level 0
Level 1
Level 2
Level 3

Definition for collection:

- Level of care received on visit arrival
- if the visiting member of staff is a member of the critical care outreach team then do not use their current presence to define level of care on visit arrival
- location does not determine Level of care
- for definitions of organ support see: ICS Levels of Care

(http://www.ics.ac.uk/intensive_care_professional/standards_and_guidelines/levels_of_critical_care_for_adult_patients)

- Level 0 – indicated by the following:
 - admissions in hospital and receiving normal ward care
 - Observations required less frequently than 4 hourly.
- Level 1 – indicated by one or more of the following:
 - admissions recently discharged from a higher level of care
 - admissions receiving a greater degree of observation, monitoring, intervention(s), clinical input or advice than Level 0 care
 - admissions receiving critical care outreach service support fulfilling the medium-score group, or higher, as defined by NICE Guidelines 50
- Level 2 – indicated by one or more of the following:

- admissions receiving monitoring and support for one organ system dysfunction (excluding gastrointestinal support) due to an acute illness
 - admissions solely receiving advanced respiratory monitoring and support due to an acute illness meet Level 3
 - admissions solely receiving basic respiratory and basic cardiovascular monitoring and support due to an acute illness meet Level 2
- admissions receiving pre-surgical optimisation including invasive monitoring and treatment to improve organ system function
- admissions receiving extended post-surgical care either because of the procedure and/or the condition of the admission
- admissions stepping down to Level 2 from Level 3 care
- Level 3 – indicated by one or more of the following:
 - admissions receiving advanced respiratory monitoring and support due to an acute illness
 - admissions receiving monitoring and support for two or more organ system dysfunctions (excluding gastrointestinal support) due to an acute illness
 - admissions solely receiving basic respiratory monitoring and support and basic cardiovascular monitoring and support due to an acute illness only meet Level 2

Arrest status on arrival

Fields: Arrest status on arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: Peri-arrest
Respiratory arrest
Cardiorespiratory arrest
Neither

Definition for collection:

- arrest status on visit arrival
- peri-arrest is defined as a patient in extremis and where it is judged that a cardiorespiratory arrest is imminent on visit arrival
- respiratory arrest is defined as absence of respiratory effort for a period of sufficient duration that rescue breathing or mechanical ventilation has been initiated
- cardiorespiratory arrest is defined as a patient receiving chest compressions and/or defibrillation on visit arrival

Timeliness of first visit

Fields: Timeliness of first visit
Delay

Number of data items: Two

Units of measurement: Delay - hours

Options: Timeliness of first visit - Timely
Delayed

Definition for collection:

- a timely first visit is defined as an appropriately timed visit
- a first visit is defined as the first physical attendance of member(s) of the critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff, while on duty for the unit, for the episode of illness
- a visit for a new episode of illness, following visit(s) for previous episode(s) of illness, may be considered a first visit
- delay is defined as a subjective estimate, in hours, of the time between the visit and the earliest moment when a visit would have been warranted

Sepsis on arrival

Fields: Sepsis on arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: None

Options: Very unlikely
Unlikely
Likely
Very likely

Definition for collection:

- sepsis status on visit arrival
- sepsis is a clinical syndrome defined by the presence of a systemic inflammatory response to the presence of infection

Highest level of cardiovascular support on arrival

Fields: Highest level of cardiovascular support on arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: None

Options: None
Volume resuscitation
Dopamine < 5 ug kg⁻¹ min⁻¹ or dobutamine (any dose)
Dopamine ≥ 5 ug kg⁻¹ min⁻¹ or (nor)adrenaline <0.1 ug kg⁻¹ min⁻¹
Adrenaline or noradrenaline ≥ 0.1 ug kg⁻¹ min⁻¹
Other (please state)

Definition for collection:

- highest level of cardiovascular support on visit arrival and prior to any therapeutic intervention provided by the visiting team (critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff)
- record highest level of cardiovascular support being received (where none is lowest and adrenaline or noradrenaline ≥ 0.1 ug kg⁻¹ min⁻¹ is highest)
- volume resuscitation is defined as the receipt of intravenous fluids (crystalloids or colloids) to correct physiological disturbances of the cardiovascular system

Oxygen saturation on arrival

Fields: Oxygen saturation on arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: %

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- oxygen saturation measured and recorded on visit arrival and prior to any therapeutic intervention provided by the visiting team (critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff) other than changes in the inspired oxygen when this is the value documented in the inspired oxygen field
- measurements performed immediately prior to visit arrival may be recorded if the value would be used as part of the clinical assessment at that time
- peripheral oxygen saturation is measured by a pulse oximeter which displays the percentage of arterial haemoglobin in the oxyhaemoglobin configuration
- where peripheral oxygen saturation is undetectable, the value zero should be recorded

Inspired oxygen on arrival

Fields: Inspired oxygen on arrival
 Inspired oxygen units
 Inspired oxygen system

Number of data items: Three

Units of measurement: N/A

Options:

Inspired oxygen units -	litres min ⁻¹ %
Inspired oxygen system -	Room air Wall (variable performance) Venturi/High Flow (fixed performance) Reservoir bag CPAP NIV IPPV – mask / tube Other (please state)

Definition for collection:

- inspired oxygen measured and recorded on visit arrival (when the visiting team has seen fit to alter the inspired oxygen immediately on arrival, and prior to completing their assessment, then please record this value and the paired oxygen saturation and/or arterial PaO₂)
- inspired oxygen units are recorded either as % (room air, Venturi, CPAP, NIV or IPPV) or litres min⁻¹ (wall, reservoir bag and NIV)
- inspired oxygen systems are defined as:
 - Room air – no supplemental oxygen or support (eg. 21%)
 - Wall – wall oxygen via a mask or nasal cannulae
 - Venturi/High Flow – wall oxygen controlled by the placement of a Venturi device or High Flow system such that the percentage inspired is constant regardless of the patient's inspiratory flow rate
 - Reservoir bag – wall oxygen via a reservoir bag mask
 - CPAP – continuous positive airway pressure device via a tight-fitting face mask
 - NIV – non-invasive ventilation (e.g. BiPAP) via a tight fitting face mask
 - IPPV – intermittent positive pressure ventilation (i.e. mechanical ventilation) via a mask or tracheal tube

Respiratory rate on arrival

Fields: Respiratory rate on arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: breaths min⁻¹

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- respiratory rate (spontaneous) measured and recorded on visit arrival and prior to any therapeutic intervention provided by the visiting team (critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff)
- measurements performed immediately prior to visit arrival may be recorded if the value would be used as part of the clinical assessment at that time
- respiratory rate values measured during a period of iatrogenic disturbance e.g. physiotherapy, turning, periods of crying, etc. should not be recorded
- where respiratory values are undetectable, the value zero should be recorded

Temperature on arrival

Fields: Temperature on arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: ° C

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- measurements performed immediately prior to visit arrival may be recorded if the value would be used as part of the clinical assessment at that time
- central (preferred) or non-central temperature value measured and recorded on visit arrival and prior to any therapeutic intervention provided by the visiting team (critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff)
- tympanic membrane, nasopharyngeal, oesophageal, rectal, pulmonary artery and bladder are considered to be central temperature measurement sites; all other sites are considered to be non-central
- temperature values are included irrespective of whether the value was artificially manipulated through treatment such as central cooling
- temperature values measured and recorded for the purpose of estimating perfusion e.g. toe or ear lobe are not to be included

Highest frequency of vital signs recorded on arrival

Fields: Frequency of vital signs recorded on arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: Continuous
Up to 1 hourly (inclusive)
Up to 4 hourly (inclusive)
Up to 12 hourly (inclusive)
Less frequently than 12 hourly

Definition for collection:

- Hourly refers to the frequency not to the interval hence ≤ 4 hourly is defined as observations that are made every 4 hours or more often (e.g. every 4 hours, every 2 hours etc.)
- most frequently recorded vital sign (blood pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature) on arrival
- continuous implies the use of an electronic bedside monitor

Neurological status on arrival

Fields: AVPU
Glasgow Coma Score – eye
Glasgow Coma Score – motor
Glasgow Coma Score – verbal
Glasgow Coma Score – total
Pre-sedation neurological status

Number of data items: Four

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: AVPU - Alert - not confused
Alert - new confusion
Verbal response
Pain response
Unresponsive

Pre-sedation neurological status - Yes
No

Definition for collection:

- neurological status measured and recorded on visit arrival (and prior to any therapeutic intervention provided by the visiting team (critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach staff)) using a modified AVPU and the Glasgow Coma Score
- AVPU and Glasgow Coma Score should be assessed when the patient is free from the effects of clinically administered sedative and/or paralysing or neuromuscular blocking agents (patients with altered consciousness due to self-sedation through deliberate or accidental overdose/poisoning should be assessed and scored as seen)
- for patients not free from the effects of clinically administered sedative and/or paralysing or neuromuscular blocking agents, record the pre-sedation neurological status and indicate that this has been done in the relevant field
- AVPU (modified Alert options):
 - Alert - not confused - a fully awake (and orientated) patient - this patient will have spontaneously open eyes, and will respond to voice (dementia which may result in loss of orientation in time, place or person or disorganised thinking, is chronic and these patients should be classed

in this option unless there is clear evidence of an acute deterioration in their mental status)

- Alert - new confusion - a fully awake (but confused) patient - this patient will have spontaneously open eyes, will respond to voice (but is acutely confused)
- Verbal response - the patient makes some kind of response when you talk to them, which could be in any of the three component measures of eye, motor or verbal e.g. patient's eyes open on being asked "are you okay?" or response could be as little as a slight move of a limb or a grunt, moan when prompted by voice
- Pain response - the patient makes a response on any of the three component measures of eye, motor or verbal when pain stimulus is used

[Recognised pain stimuli include: a sternal rub; pinching the patient's ear; and pressing a pen (or similar instrument) in to the bed of the patient's fingernail. The person assessing should always exercise care and be suitably trained when performing pain stimulus as a method of assessing levels of consciousness.]

- Unresponsive - sometimes referred to as 'unconscious' – the patient has no eye, motor or verbal response to voice or pain
- Glasgow Coma Score:
 - The eye opening response is recorded as one of:
 - 4 Spontaneous
 - 3 To verbal command
 - 2 To pain
 - 1 No response
 - The verbal response is recorded as one of:
 - 5 Oriented and converses
 - 4 Disoriented and converses
 - 3 Inappropriate words
 - 2 Incomprehensible sounds (not words)
 - 1 No response
 - The motor response is recorded as one of:
 - 6 Obeys verbal command
 - 5 Localises pain
 - 4 Flexion withdrawal
 - 3 Flexion-abnormal/decorticate rigidity
 - 2 Extension/decerebrate rigidity
 - 1 No response

Last white cell count from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Fields: Last white cell count from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: $10 \times 10^9 \text{ l}^{-1}$

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- last white cell count measured and recorded either on, or within 24 hours preceding, visit arrival
- from the 24 hours prior to arrival includes measured and recorded at visit start provided this is prior to any intervention by the visiting team
- laboratory results only, i.e. the results of tests performed either in the Departments of Clinical Chemistry or Haematology etc. or in near-patient testing/point-of-care testing laboratories with formal quality control programmes in operation

Last platelet count from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Fields: Last platelet count from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: $10 \times 10^9 \text{ l}^{-1}$

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- last platelet count measured and recorded either on, or within 24 hours preceding, visit arrival
- from the 24 hours prior to arrival includes measured and recorded at visit start provided this is prior to any intervention by the visiting team
- the effects of splenectomy are ignored
- laboratory results only, i.e. the results of tests performed either in the Departments of Clinical Chemistry or Haematology etc. or in near-patient testing/point-of-care testing laboratories with formal quality control programmes in operation

Last sodium from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Fields: Last sodium from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: mmol l⁻¹

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- last sodium measured and recorded either on, or within 24 hours preceding, visit arrival
- from the 24 hours prior to arrival includes measured and recorded at visit start provided this is prior to any intervention by the visiting team
- laboratory results only, i.e. the results of tests performed either in the Departments of Clinical Chemistry or Haematology etc. or in near-patient testing/point-of-care testing laboratories with formal quality control programmes in operation – includes blood gas analyser

Last creatinine from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Fields: Last creatinine from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: $\mu\text{mol l}^{-1}$

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- last creatinine measured and recorded either on, or within 24 hours preceding, visit arrival
- from the 24 hours prior to arrival includes measured and recorded at visit start provided this is prior to any intervention by the visiting team
- laboratory results only, i.e. the results of tests performed either in the Departments of Clinical Chemistry or Haematology etc. or in near-patient testing/point-of-care testing laboratories with formal quality control programmes in operation – includes blood gas analyser

Last urea from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Fields: Last urea from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: mmol l⁻¹

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- last urea measured and recorded either on, or within 24 hours preceding, visit arrival
- from the 24 hours prior to arrival includes measured and recorded at visit start provided this is prior to any intervention by the visiting team
- laboratory results only, i.e. the results of tests performed either in the Departments of Clinical Chemistry or Haematology etc. or in near-patient testing/point-of-care testing laboratories with formal quality control programmes in operation – includes blood gas analyser

Receiving dialysis

Fields: Receiving dialysis

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: Yes
No

Definition for collection:

- specifies whether patient has received renal replacement therapy for chronic or acute renal disease within the last 7 days
- includes, but is not limited to, haemodialysis, haemofiltration and peritoneal dialysis

Last bilirubin from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Fields: Last bilirubin from the 24 hours prior to arrival

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: $\mu\text{mol l}^{-1}$

Options: N/A

Definition for collection:

- last bilirubin measured and recorded either on, or within 24 hours preceding, visit arrival
- from the 24 hours prior to arrival includes measured and recorded at visit start provided this is prior to any intervention by the visiting team
- laboratory results only, i.e. the results of tests performed either in the Departments of Clinical Chemistry or Haematology etc. or in near-patient testing/point-of-care testing laboratories with formal quality control programmes in operation

Visit content

Fields: Visit content

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: Advice/education
Assistance with intervention(s)
Conducting intervention(s)

Definition for collection:

- advice/education is defined as a visit where verbal advice or education is provided by the visiting critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff, while on duty for the unit
- assistance with intervention(s) is defined as a visit where assistance is provided for any planned or ongoing intervention(s) by the visiting critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff, while on duty for the unit
- conducting intervention(s) is defined as a visit where interventions are initiated and conducted by the visiting critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff, while on duty for the unit

Level of care recommended on departure

Fields: Level of care recommended on departure

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: Level 0
Level 1
Level 2
Level 3

Definition for collection:

- agreed Level of care recommended at end of visit i.e. on departure
- location does not determine Level of care
- for definitions of organ support see: ICS Levels of Care

(http://www.ics.ac.uk/intensive_care_professional/standards_and_guidelines/levels_of_critical_care_for_adult_patients)

- Level 0 – indicated by the following:
 - admissions in hospital and receiving normal ward care
 - Level 1 – indicated by one or more of the following:
 - admissions recently discharged from a higher level of care
 - admissions receiving a greater degree of observation, monitoring, intervention(s), clinical input or advice than Level 0 care
 - admissions receiving critical care outreach service support fulfilling the medium-score group, or higher, as defined by NICE Guidelines 50
 - Level 2 – indicated by one or more of the following:
 - admissions receiving monitoring and support for one organ system dysfunction (excluding gastrointestinal support) due to an acute illness
 - admissions solely receiving advanced respiratory monitoring and support due to an acute illness meet Level 3
-

- admissions solely receiving basic respiratory and basic cardiovascular monitoring and support due to an acute illness meet Level 2
- admissions receiving pre-surgical optimisation including invasive monitoring and treatment to improve organ system function
- admissions receiving extended post-surgical care either because of the procedure and/or the condition of the admission
- admissions stepping down to Level 2 from Level 3 care
- Level 3 – indicated by one or more of the following:
 - admissions receiving advanced respiratory monitoring and support due to an acute illness
 - admissions receiving monitoring and support for two or more organ system dysfunctions (excluding gastrointestinal support) due to an acute illness
 - admissions solely receiving basic respiratory monitoring and support and basic cardiovascular monitoring and support due to an acute illness only meet Level 2

Appropriate or broad spectrum antibiotics

Fields: Appropriate or broad spectrum antibiotics

Number of data items: One

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: Prescribed but not administered prior to visit
Prescribed and administered prior to visit
Newly prescribed on departure
Modified prescription on departure
Not prescribed

Definition for collection:

- appropriate or broad spectrum antibiotics currently prescribed but not administered prior to visit
- appropriate or broad spectrum antibiotics currently prescribed and administered prior to visit
- New prescription of appropriate or broad spectrum antibiotics by end of visit (i.e. on departure)
- Modified prescription of appropriate or broad spectrum antibiotics by end of visit (usually to extend spectrum)
- appropriate or broad spectrum antibiotics not prescribed
- appropriate antibiotics are defined as antibiotic(s) proven to be effective against a microbe identified as being responsible for this episode of illness
- broad spectrum antibiotics include, but are not limited to:
 - Amoxicillin/Ampicillin/Co-amoxiclav
 - Piperacillin/Ticarcillin
 - Clindamycin
 - cephalosporins (second, third and fourth generation)
 - carbapenems
 - tetracyclines
 - Other (please check whether broad spectrum according to local use/guidance and please state)

Visit outcome

Fields: Visit outcome
Critical care unit in the Case Mix Programme

Number of data items: Two

Units of measurement: N/A

Options: Visit outcome

Further review planned

– without treatment limits (or) DNAR in existence

– with treatment limits (or) DNAR in existence

Further review not planned

– accepted to a level 2 bed

– accepted to a level 3 bed

– not clinically indicated (without) treatment limits (or) DNAR

– not clinically indicated (with) treatment limits (or) DNAR

– patient died

Critical care unit in the Case Mix Programme

Yes

No

Definition for collection:

- visit outcome decided by the visiting critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff, while on duty for the unit
- review planned – indicates that the patient will be followed-up (outside a critical care area) by the critical care outreach service (or equivalent) or member(s) of the critical care unit nursing/medical (non-outreach) staff, while on duty for the unit
- review not planned – accepted to critical care area (specify whether this is initially to a Level 2 or 3 bed); where this option is selected then specify whether the critical care unit is in the Case Mix Programme
- review not planned – not clinically indicated at end of visit
- review not planned – patient died
- treatment limits indicate that future critical care admission is not being considered (e.g. a limitation set as part of the Liverpool Care Pathway) and DNAR indicates existence of a “Do Not Attempt Resuscitation” order